WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2022 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

Senate Bill 74

FISCAL NOTE

BY SENATOR HAMILTON

[Introduced January 12, 2022; referred

to the Committee on the Judiciary; and then to the

Committee on Finance]

1 A BILL to amend and reenact §48-8-103 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to amend and reenact §48-14-107 of said code; to amend and reenact §48-18-105, §48-18-2 3 117, §48-18-118, §48-18-118a, §48-18-121, §48-18-124, §48-18-201, §48-18-202, §48-4 18-203, §48-18-204, §48-18-205, and §48-18-206 of said code; and to amend and reenact 5 §61-5-29 of said code, all relating to spousal support enforcement; providing that parties 6 may apply to Bureau for Child Support Enforcement to collect spousal support payments; 7 requiring the court to direct that spousal support payments be directly paid to the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement upon application of party; authorizing the Bureau for Child 8 Support Enforcement to collect spousal support from federal and state taxes; authorizing 9 10 Bureau for Child Support Enforcement to obtain information from financial institution 11 regarding spousal support obligations; allowing Bureau for Child Support Enforcement to 12 assist parties in obtaining spousal support; allowing Bureau for Child Support Enforcement 13 to bring action before the court to obtain modification to support order; providing process 14 within family court for the presentation of a proposal to modify spousal support; and 15 creating criminal penalties for the failure to pay spousal support.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

CHAPTER 48. DOMESTIC RELATIONS.

ARTICLE 8. SPOUSAL SUPPORT.

§48-8-103. Payment of spousal support.

(a) Upon ordering a divorce or granting a decree of separate maintenance, the court may
require either party to pay spousal support in the form of periodic installments, or a lump sum, or
both, for the maintenance of the other party. Payments of spousal support are to be ordinarily
made from a party's income, but when the income is not sufficient to adequately provide for those
payments, the court may, upon specific findings set forth in the order, order the party required to
make those payments to make them from the corpus of his or her separate estate. An award of

7 spousal support shall not be disproportionate to a party's ability to pay as disclosed by the8 evidence before the court.

9 (b) At any time after the entry of an order pursuant to the provisions of this article, the court 10 may, upon motion of either party, revise or alter the order concerning the maintenance of the 11 parties, or either of them, and make a new order concerning the same, issuing it forthwith, as the 12 altered circumstances or needs of the parties may render necessary to meet the ends of justice. (c) The court shall direct that all payments ordered for spousal support be made to the 13 14 Bureau for Child Support enforcement upon application for support collection services. The 15 bureau may act on behalf of other public authorities responsible for child support enforcement, 16 including the authority to represent the legal interests of or execute documents on behalf of the 17 other public authority in connection with the establishment, enforcement, and collection of support 18 or collection on judgments. 19 (d) After an order of support has been made, the party entitled to receive those payments 20 may file the appropriate documentation with the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement to collect 21 the support owed to the party. The court may from time to time, on motion of either of the parties, 22 a copy of which is served on the bureau if payments are made through it, or upon motion of the 23 Bureau for Child Support Enforcement, revise or alter the order concerning the maintenance and 24 the payment of it, and may make an order respecting these matters which it might have made in 25 the original proceeding. The Bureau for Child Support Enforcement may bring a motion for 26 contempt of court if the obligor is in arrears in support payments, which includes spousal support. 27 (c)(e)(1) For the purposes of subsection (b) of this section, "altered circumstances" 28 includes evidence in the form of genetic testing that establishes that a child conceived during the 29 marriage of the parties is not the child of the former husband, or that a child was born to a woman 30 other than the former wife because of the adultery of the former husband. 31 (2) Prior to admitting evidence of genetic testing, the court shall preliminarily determine

32 whether genetic testing evidence should be admitted for the purpose of disproving or establishing

33 paternity. The facts that may be considered by the court at this hearing include the following:

(A) The length of time that has elapsed since the party was first placed on notice that a
child conceived during the marriage of the parties is not the child of the former husband, or that a
child was born to a woman other than the former wife because of the adultery of the former
husband;

(B) The length of time during which the individual desiring to challenge paternity assumed
the role of parent to the child;

40 (C) The facts surrounding the party's discovery of nonpaternity;

41 (D) The nature of the parent/child relationship;

42 (E) The age of the child;

43 (F) The harm which may result to the child if paternity were successfully disproved;

44 (G) The extent to which the passage of time reduced the chances of establishing paternity45 in favor of the child; and

46 (H) All other factors which may affect the equities involved in the potential disruption of the47 parent/child relationship or the chances of undeniable harm to the child.

48 (d)(f) For the purposes of subsection (c)(e), genetic testing must be performed pursuant
 49 to the following guidelines:

50 (1) The tests show that the inherited characteristics including, but not limited to, blood 51 types, have been determined by appropriate testing procedures at a hospital, independent 52 medical institution or independent medical laboratory duly licensed under the laws of this state, 53 or any other state, and an expert qualified as an examiner of genetic markers has analyzed, 54 interpreted and reported on the results; and

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(2) The genetic test results exclude the former husband as the father of the child.

ARTICLE 14. REMEDIES FOR THE ENFORCEMENT OF SUPPORT OBLIGATIONS.

§48-14-107. Modification of support order with the assistance of Bureau for Child Support Enforcement.

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In addition to any other procedure which may exist by law, any party seeking the

2 recalculation of support and modification under a child support order due to a substantial change 3 in circumstances pursuant to the provisions of §48-14-106 and §48-6-301 of this code may seek 4 and obtain the assistance of the Bureau of Child Support Enforcement, pursuant to the 5 procedures established under the provisions of §48-18-201, §48-18-202, §48-18-203, §48-18-6 204, §48-18-205, and §48-18-206 of this code, in the preparation, assessment and presentation 7 of an appropriate petition for modification of a support order, including the identification and 8 narrowing of issues associated with a requested recalculation of support prior to filing the petition, 9 and the preparation and presentation of an appropriate petition and proposed order for 10 modification for consideration by the family court.

ARTICLE 18. BUREAU FOR CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT.

§48-18-105. General duties and powers of the Bureau for Child Support enforcement.

In carrying out the policies and procedures for enforcing the provisions of this chapter, the
 bureau shall have the following power and authority:

3 (1) To establish policies and procedures for obtaining and enforcing support orders, and
4 establishing paternity according to this chapter;

5 (2) To undertake directly, or by contract, activities to obtain and enforce support orders
6 and establish paternity;

7 (3) To undertake directly, or by contract, activities to establish paternity for minors for
8 whom paternity has not been acknowledged by the father or otherwise established by law;

9 (4) To undertake directly, or by contract, activities to collect and disburse support
10 payments;

(5) To contract for professional services with any person, firm, partnership, professional
corporation, association or other legal entity to provide representation for the bureau and the state
in administrative or judicial proceedings brought to obtain and enforce support orders and
establish paternity;

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(6) To ensure that activities of a contractor under a contract for professional services are

16 carried out in a manner consistent with attorneys' professional responsibilities as established in
17 the rules of professional conduct as promulgated by the Supreme Court of Appeals;

18 (7) To contract for collection services with any person, firm, partnership, corporation,
19 association or other legal entity to collect and disburse amounts payable as support;

(8) To ensure the compliance of contractors and their employees with the provisions of
this chapter, and to terminate, after notice and hearing, the contractual relationship between the
bureau and a contractor who fails to comply;

(9) To require a contractor to take appropriate remedial or disciplinary action against any
 employee who has violated or caused the contractor to violate the provisions of this chapter, in
 accordance with procedures prescribed in legislative rules promulgated by the commission;

26 (10) To locate parents who owe a duty to pay child support;

27 (11) To cooperate with other agencies of this state and other states to search their records
28 to help locate parents;

29 (12) To cooperate with other states in establishing and enforcing support obligations;

30 (13) To exercise such other powers as may be necessary to effectuate the provisions of
31 this chapter;

32 (14) To establish and maintain procedures under which expedited processes,
 33 administrative or judicial are in effect for obtaining and enforcing support orders and establishing
 34 paternity according to this chapter;

(15) To promulgate all emergency and legislative rules pursuant to §29A-1-1 *et seq.* of
this code as are required by this chapter: *Provided*, That all rules which are in effect at the time
of the implementation of this section shall continue in full force and effect until the commissioner
of the Bureau for Child Support enforcement promulgates a rule or rules regarding the same
subject matter;

40 (16) To adopt standards for staffing, record-keeping, reporting, intergovernmental
41 cooperation, training, physical structures and time frames for case processing;

42 (17) To review the state plan for child and spousal support to determine its conformance
43 or nonconformance with the provisions of 42 U.S.C. §654;

44 (18) To cooperate with judicial organizations and the private bar to provide training to
 45 persons involved in the establishment and enforcement of child support orders; and

46 (19) To promulgate legislative rules pursuant to §29A-1-1 et seq. of this code which may 47 aid the Bureau for Child Support enforcement in the establishment and enforcement of child 48 support orders. In addition to the specific designation of such rules that constitute emergency 49 rules within the meaning of §29A-3-15 of this code, the commissioner may promulgate other rules 50 as emergency rules when such rule is necessary to ensure that the state is awarded federal funds 51 for the actions described in the rule or when the promulgation of such rule is necessary to prevent 52 substantial harm to the public interest by ensuring that child support is timely collected and 53 disbursed.

§48-18-117. Obtaining support from federal tax refunds.

The Commissioner shall, by legislative rule promulgated pursuant to chapter twenty-ninea of this code, place in effect procedures necessary for the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement to obtain payment of past due <u>child and spousal</u> support from federal tax refunds from overpayments made to the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States. The Bureau for Child Support Enforcement shall take all steps necessary to implement and utilize such procedures.

§48-18-118. Obtaining support from state income tax refunds.

(a) The Tax Commissioner shall establish procedures necessary for the Bureau for Child
 Support Enforcement to obtain payment of past-due support from state income tax refunds from
 overpayment made to the Tax Commissioner pursuant to the provisions of article twenty-one,
 chapter eleven of this code.

5 (b) The Commissioner for the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement shall establish 6 procedures necessary to enforce a support order through a notice to the Tax Commissioner which 7 will cause any refund of state income tax which would otherwise be payable to an obligor to be

8 reduced by the amount of overdue support owed by such obligor.

9 (1) The procedures shall, at a minimum, prescribe:

10 (A) The time or times at which the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement shall serve on
11 the obligor or submit to the Tax Commissioner notices of past-due support;

12 (B) The manner in which such notices shall be served on the obligor or submitted to the13 Tax Commissioner:

14 (C) The necessary information which shall be contained in or accompany the notices;

(D) The amount of the fee to be paid to the Tax Commissioner for the full cost of applying
the procedure whereby past-due support is obtained from state income tax refunds; and

(E) Circumstances when the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement may deduct a \$25 fee
from the obligor's state income tax refund. This procedure may not require a deduction from the
state income tax refund of an applicant who is a recipient of assistance from the Bureau for
Children and Families in the form of temporary assistance for needy families.

21 (2) Withholding from state income tax refunds may not be pursued unless the Bureau for 22 Child Support Enforcement has examined the obligor's pattern of payment of support and the 23 obligee's likelihood of successfully pursuing other enforcement actions, and has determined that 24 the amount of past-due support which will be owed, at the time the withholding is to be made, will 25 be \$100 or more. In determining whether the amount of past-due support will be \$100 or more, 26 the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement shall consider the amount of all unpaid past-due 27 support, including that which may have accrued prior to the time that the Bureau for Child Support 28 Enforcement first agreed to enforce the support order.

(c) The Commissioner of the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement shall enter into agreements with the Secretary of the Treasury and the Tax Commissioner, and other appropriate governmental agencies, to secure information relating to the Social Security number or numbers and the address or addresses of any obligor, and the name or names and address or addresses of any employer or employers, in order to provide notice between such agencies to aid the Bureau

for Child Support Enforcement in requesting state income tax deductions and to aid the Tax Commissioner in enforcing such deductions. In each such case, the Tax Commissioner, in processing the state income tax deduction, shall notify the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement of the obligor's home address and Social Security number or numbers. The Bureau for Child Support Enforcement shall provide this information to any other state involved in processing the support order;

40 (d) For the purposes of this section, "past-due support" means the amount of unpaid past41 due support owed under the terms of a support order to or on behalf of a child, or to or on behalf
42 of a minor child and the parent with whom the child is living, or to a spouse <u>under an order of</u>
43 <u>spousal support</u>; regardless of whether the amount has been reduced to a judgment or not.

(e) The Bureau for Child Support Enforcement may, under the provisions of this section,
enforce the collection of past-due support on behalf of a child who has reached the age of majority.
(f) The procedure shall, at a minimum, provide that prior to notifying the Tax Commissioner
of past-due support, a notice to the obligor as prescribed under subsection (a) of this section shall:
(1) Notify the obligor that a withholding will be made from any refund otherwise payable to
such obligor;

(2) Instruct the obligor of the steps which may be taken to contest the determination of the
Bureau for Child Support Enforcement that past-due support is owed or the amount of the pastdue support; and

(3) Provide information with respect to the procedures to be followed, in the case of a joint
return, to protect the share of the refund which may be payable to another person.

(g) If the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement is notified by the Tax Commissioner that the refund from which withholding is proposed to be made is based upon a joint return, and if the past-due support which is involved has not been assigned to the Department of Health and Human Resources, the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement may delay distribution of the amount withheld until such time as the Tax Commissioner notifies the Bureau for Child Support

Enforcement that the other person filing the joint return has received his or her proper share ofthe refund, but such delay shall not exceed six months.

(h) In any case in which an amount is withheld by the Tax Commissioner under the provisions of this section and paid to the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement, if the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement subsequently determines that the amount certified as past due was in excess of the amount actually owed at the time the amount withheld is to be distributed, the agency shall pay the excess amount withheld to the obligor thought to have owed the past due support or, in the case of amounts withheld on the basis of a joint return, jointly to the parties filing the return.

(i) The amounts received by the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement shall be distributed
 in accordance with the provisions for distribution set forth in 42 U.S.C. §657.

§48-18-118a. Obtaining refunds of overpaid support from state income tax refunds.

1 (a) Definitions.

2 (1) "Obligee" means the same as that term is defined in section two hundred thirty-four,3 article one of this chapter.

4 (2) "Obligor" means the same as that term is defined in section two hundred thirty-five,5 article one of this chapter.

6 (3) "Overpaid support" means the same as that term is defined in section two hundred7 thirty-five, article one of this chapter.

8 (b) The Tax Commissioner shall cooperate with the Commissioner of the Bureau for Child 9 Support Enforcement in establishing and implementing procedures for the collection of overpaid 10 child <u>and spousal</u> support from state income tax refunds that are payable to obligees. The Tax 11 Commissioner shall collect the refunds and send the amounts to the Bureau for Child Support 12 Enforcement for distribution to obligors who made the overpayment.

§48-18-121. Providing information to consumer reporting agencies; requesting consumer credit reports for child support purposes.

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(a) For purposes of this section, the term "consumer reporting agency" means any person who, for monetary fees, dues, or on a cooperative nonprofit basis, regularly engages, in whole or 2 3 in part, in the practice of assembling or evaluating consumer credit information or other 4 information on consumers for the purpose of furnishing consumer reports to third parties.

5 (b) The Commissioner shall establish procedures whereby information regarding the 6 amount of overdue support owed by an obligor will be reported periodically by the Bureau for 7 Child Support Enforcement to any consumer reporting agency, after a request by the consumer 8 reporting agency that it be provided with the periodic reports.

9 (1) The procedures shall provide that any information with respect to an obligor shall be 10 made available only after notice has been sent to the obligor of the proposed action, and such 11 obligor has been given a reasonable opportunity to contest the accuracy of the information.

12 (2) The procedures shall afford the obligor with procedural due process prior to making 13 information available with respect to the obligor.

14 (c) The information made available to a consumer reporting agency regarding overdue 15 support may only be made available to an entity that has furnished evidence satisfactory to the 16 Bureau that the entity is a consumer reporting agency as defined in subsection (a) of this section.

17 (d) The Bureau for Child Support Enforcement may impose a fee for furnishing such 18 information, not to exceed the actual cost thereof.

19 (e) The Commissioner of the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement, or her or his or her 20 designee, may request a consumer reporting agency to prepare and furnish to the Bureau for 21 Child Support Enforcement a consumer report for purposes relating to child support, by certifying 22 to the consumer reporting agency that:

23 (1) The consumer report is needed for the purpose of establishing an individual's capacity 24 to make child support payments or determining the appropriate level of payments in order to set 25 an initial or modified child support award;

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(2) The paternity of the child of the individual has been established or acknowledged by

27 the individual in accordance with state law;

(3) The individual whose report is being requested has been given at least ten days' prior
notice of the request by certified mail to his or her last known address that such report is being
requested; and

31 (4) The consumer report will be kept confidential, will be used solely for a purpose
32 described in subdivision (1) of this subsection and will not be used in connection with any other
33 civil, administrative or criminal proceeding or for any other purpose.

§48-18-124. Liability for financial institutions providing financial records to the Bureau for Child Support enforcement; agreements for data match system; encumbrance or surrender of assets.

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, a financial institution shall not be
 liable under the law of this state to any person for:

3 (1) Disclosing any financial record of an individual to the Bureau for Child Support
4 enforcement in response to a subpoena issued by the bureau pursuant to §48-18-123 of this
5 code;

6 (2) Disclosing any financial record of an individual to the Bureau for Child Support 7 enforcement pursuant to the terms of an agreement with such financial institution pursuant to 8 subsection (f) of this section;

9 (3) Encumbering or surrendering assets held by such financial institution in response to a
10 notice of lien or levy issued by the Bureau for Child Support enforcement as provided in
11 subsection (g) of this section; or

(4) For any other action taken in good faith to comply with the requirements of this section.
(b) The Bureau for Child Support enforcement, after obtaining a financial record of an
individual from a financial institution, may disclose such financial record only for the purpose of,
and to the extent necessary in, establishing, modifying or enforcing a child support obligation of
such individual.

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18 financial record of an individual in violation of subsection (b) of this section is governed by the 19 provisions of federal law as set forth in 42 U.S.C. §669A. 20 (d) For purposes of this section, the term "financial institution" means: 21 (1) Any bank or savings association; 22 (2) A person who is an institution-affiliated party, as that term is defined in the Federal 23 Deposit Insurance Act, 12 U.S.C. §1813(u); 24 (3) Any federal credit union or state-chartered credit union, including an institution-25 affiliated party of a credit union; and 26 (4) Any benefit association, insurance company, safe deposit company, money-market 27 mutual fund, or similar entity authorized to do business in this state. 28 (e) For purposes of this section, the term "financial record" means an original of, a copy of, or information known to have been derived from, any record held by a financial institution 29 30 pertaining to a customer's relationship with the financial institution. 31 (f) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, the Bureau for Child Support 32 enforcement shall enter into agreements with financial institutions doing business in the state to 33 develop and operate, in coordination with such financial institutions, a data match system, using 34 automated data exchanges, to the maximum extent feasible, in which each financial institution is 35 required to provide for each calendar guarter the name, record address, social security number or other taxpayer identification number, and other identifying information for each obligor, as 36 37 defined in §48-1-235 of this code, who maintains an account at such institution and who owes past due support. The Bureau for Child Support enforcement will identify to the financial institution 38 39 an obligor who owes past due support by his or her name and social security number or other 40 taxpayer identification number. The Bureau for Child Support enforcement, upon written request 41 and proof of actual costs incurred, shall pay a reasonable fee to a financial institution for 42 conducting the data matching services not to exceed the actual costs incurred by such financial

(c) The civil liability of a person who knowingly, or by reason of negligence, discloses a

43 institution or \$100 per institution per quarter, whichever is less.

(g) The financial institution, in response to a notice of a lien or levy, shall encumber or
surrender, as the case may be, assets held by such institution on behalf of any noncustodial
parent who is subject to a lien for child support.

§48-18-201. General Provisions related to requests for assistance, recalculation of support amounts, preparation of petition and proposed orders.

(a) An obligor or an obligee under a child support order may seek and obtain the
assistance of the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement to perform a recalculation of the support
amount and prepare and present a petition seeking modification of a child support order and the
presentation of a proposed order modifying support to the family court. An obligor or an obligee
under a spousal support order may seek and obtain the assistance of the Bureau for Child Support
Enforcement to prepare and present a petition seeking modification of a spousal support order
and the presentation of a proposed order modifying support to the family court.

8 (b) A request for services authorized by this section shall constitute an application for
9 services from the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement.

(c) The duties and actions directed or authorized when a request is made pursuant to this
section shall be exercised by the employees and agents of the Bureau for Child Support
Enforcement under the supervision and direction of Bureau for Child Support Enforcement
attorneys as part of, and in addition to, their duties as set out in §48-19-103 of this code.

(d) In performing its duties under this section, the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement
is authorized to issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum, pursuant to the provisions of §4818-123 of this code, to require an obligor or obligee to produce and permit inspection and copying
of designated books, papers, documents or tangible things pursuant to Rule 45 of the Rules of
Civil Procedure or §48-18-123 of this code.

(e) When the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement is authorized or required by thissection to notify or give notice to a party, the notice shall be given in the same manner as required

21 for service of a petition for modification of support filed with the family court.

22 (f) The procedures and forms used shall provide that one party may request that their 23 residential address and the address and identity of the employer not be revealed to another party. 24 (g) The Bureau for Child Support Enforcement may refuse to accept a request or take 25 action on a request for assistance if it determines there are existing ongoing proceedings which 26 would create a conflict, or if it determines that the request was not in good faith based on the 27 allegations made, a history of multiple such requests or other information. If the Bureau for Child 28 Support Enforcement makes a determination to refuse the request for assistance, it shall notify 29 the party making the request for assistance and if the responding party has already been notified 30 of the request, the responding party.

(h) The Bureau for Child Support Enforcement shall prepare an explanation of the process
and procedures it will use to process the request for assistance under this section. The
explanation shall be made available generally to the public, given to every person who makes a
request and included with the notice to the responding party.

§48-18-202. Request for assistance by party.

(a) To make a request for assistance under this article, a party shall submit the request in
writing to the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement on a form provided by the bureau. The written
request form shall include all of the requesting party's information known to the party that is
relevant to determine the child support <u>or spousal support</u> amount. The request shall be
accompanied by:

6 (1) A copy of the order being modified or, in the discretion of the bureau, information
7 sufficient to permit the bureau to retrieve or identify the order;

8 (2) A form containing a statement of all of the requesting party's information known to the 9 party that is relevant to determining the amount of child support, including a general statement or 10 argument advancing the reason the request is being made;

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(3) Copies of documentation reasonably available to the requesting party setting forth all

12 of the requesting party's information that is relevant to determine the amount of <u>child</u> support;

(4) A statement setting forth the relevant information pertaining to the responding party's
 earnings and child-support that is known or believed to be true by the requesting party;

(5) Copies of any relevant documentation which the requesting party may have in its
possession which would be relevant to determining the responding party's child_support
obligations; and

(6) A statement of all other known proceedings, pending court proceedings or other
pending requests for assistance involving the parties or related to the child or children <u>or spouse</u>
whose support is being reevaluated.

(b) Upon receipt of notification that an obligor is incarcerated in a regional jail or a state or
federal correctional facility, the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement shall determine whether
the expected incarceration will exceed six months. If the incarceration will exceed six months, the
bureau shall file a petition to modify child support.

§48-18-203. Bureau processing of request for assistance or recalculation.

(a) Upon receipt of a request from a party pursuant to §48-18-202 of this code, the Bureau
 for Child Support Enforcement shall notify the responding party that a request for assistance in
 the recalculation of the support amount and the related preparation and presentation of a petition
 or proposed order to modify an existing child support order has been submitted to the Bureau for
 Child Support Enforcement.

6 (b) As a part of the notification provided under subsection (a) of this section, notification
7 provided by the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement to the responding party shall include the
8 following:

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(1) A blank information statement form, and an explanation of the form;

(2) A statement advising the responding party that if the responding party does not fill out
 and return the information statement with accompanying documentation, that the information
 contained on the requesting party's information statement and any attached documentation may

be used to prepare a petition and proposed order to modify the parties' existing child-support
obligations and filed with the family court, if the submitted information shows a substantial change
in the parties' circumstances;

16 (3) A copy of the information statement supplied by the requesting party in support of its17 request;

(4) A request that the responding party submit a statement and supply a copy of any
information or documentation which the responding party may have which would challenge,
contradict or supplement the information which has been previously submitted by the requesting
party, to allow the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement to more accurately recalculate any
modified child-support obligations of the parties;

(5) An explanation that the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement may refuse to accept a
 request or take action on a request if it determines there are existing ongoing proceedings which
 would create a conflict;

(6) A request that the responding party provide a list of all other known proceedings
 pending court proceedings or other requests for recalculation or modification of the parties'
 respective-child-support obligations; and

(7) An explanation of the process to be followed by the Bureau for Child Support
Enforcement in providing the requested assistance, recalculation of the parties' modified child
support obligations, including the preparation of a petition, and proposed order to modify the
parties' existing child support obligations, when appropriate.

(c) The Bureau for Child Support Enforcement may issue a subpoena or subpoena duces
 tecum, pursuant to the provisions of §48-18-103 of this code, to require the responding party to
 produce and permit inspection and copying of designated books, papers, documents or tangible
 things which are relevant to determine child support.

37 (d) The Bureau for Child Support Enforcement may issue a subpoena, pursuant to the
 38 provisions of §48-18-103 of this code, to produce and permit inspection and copying of designated

books, papers, documents or tangible things, relevant to the determination of child support to
persons other than the parties to the support order.

(e) The Bureau for Child Support Enforcement may use other information and other
 communications or procedures available to the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement to gather
 information relevant to the determination of child support.

§48-18-204. Request for meeting with the Bureau.

1 (a) Either party may ask for an in-person meeting with the Bureau, prior to the preparation 2 or presentation of any petition to seek a modification of a support order or any proposed 3 modification order to the family court. As a part of the initial contact and notice to the parties after its receipt of an assistance request under this article, the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement 4 5 shall inform the parties of their right to meet with the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement to 6 discuss the circumstances and any relevant factors pertaining to the parties' child support 7 obligations. If either party asks for a meeting, the responding party shall be notified that a meeting 8 has been requested. The parties shall not meet with the Bureau at the same time except as 9 allowed in the discretion of the Bureau. No party may be required to meet with the Bureau.

(b) A party may modify an information statement or provide additional documents at the
meeting or at any time before the Bureau sends its proposed order to the family court.

§48-18-205. Bureau action on request of recalculation and presentation of proposed order.

1 (a) If the bureau determines that no credible information exists to establish finding of a 2 substantial change in circumstances as required by §48-11-105 of this code, the Bureau for Child 3 Support Enforcement shall notify the parties of that fact and notify the parties that the Bureau for 4 Child Support Enforcement will not be preparing a petition of proposed order seeking modification 5 of the parties' child support obligation. Under those circumstances, if the parties disagree with the 6 Bureau for Child Support Enforcement's assessment and wish to independently file a petition for 7 modification, the parties may still seek modification of child-support by filing a petition for 8 modification of an order for support with the family court under the provisions of §48-11-105 or

9 §48-11-106 of this code or under the provisions of §48-14-106 of this code. 10 (b) If the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement determines that there has been a 11 substantial change of circumstances as required by §48-11-105 of this chapter or by §48-14-106 12 of this code, then the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement shall prepare a petition and proposed 13 order modifying the child support order to be filed with the clerk of the family court. 14 (c) Any such petition filed by the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement filed pursuant to this article shall include the following: 15 16 (1) A copy of the proposed order; 17 (2) A print-out of the child support guidelines calculations for child support obligations; (3) A notice of the bureau's action: 18 19 (4) The documents and statements relied upon: 20 (5) Any statement of findings or justification the bureau is required or determines to 21 include; and 22 (6) A form and instructions for filing an objection to the proposed order, should a party 23 wish to do so, which form shall require a statement of the ground or grounds for filing the objection. 24 (d) The Bureau for Child Support Enforcement's proposed order shall be based on the 25 child support guidelines: Provided, That the bureau may disregard the child support guidelines or 26 adjust the amount as allowed by §48-13-702 of this code in the following instances:

(1) When the previous child support order disregarded the child support guidelines, the
grounds for the disregarding or adjusting the guidelines are stated in the worksheet or previous
order or are agreed upon by the parties, or are otherwise clear, and those grounds continue to
exist and can be applied to the current circumstances; or

31 (2) If new grounds for the disregard or adjustment are fully explained in the proposed32 order.

33 (e) The Bureau for Child Support Enforcement's proposed order for spousal support shall
 34 be based on the prior order's calculation of support and the facts relied upon for the determination

35 in that order.

36 (e) (f) Within six months of the time that a child support obligation becomes \$1,000 in 37 arrears the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement shall notify the obligor that he or she may be 38 in violation of §61-5-29 of this code, felony nonsupport, should the arrearage increase to \$8,000. 39 The notice shall also advise the obligor of the availability of child support modification, the amnesty 40 program established in §48-1-302 of this code and the possibility of establishing a payment plan 41 with the bureau: *Provided, That* where the monthly child support obligation is greater than \$1,000, 42 the notice shall be sent when the arrearage equals to or greater than three months child support 43 obligation.

44 (1) If the obligor fails to respond within 30 days, the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement
45 shall file a petition for contempt pursuant to §48-14-503 of this code.

46 (2) If the obligor responds within 30 days, the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement shall
47 review the response and file appropriate pleadings which may include a motion for modification
48 of child support.

(3) The Bureau for Child Support Enforcement will have one year from the amendment
and reenactment of this section during the two thousand eight legislative session to notify obligors
who currently owe \$1,000 or more in child support arrearages or, where the monthly child support
obligation is greater than \$1,000, the arrearage is equal to or greater than three months child
support obligation, of the child support modification options available to them.

§48-18-206. Family court action on petition and proposed order prepared by Bureau for Child Support Enforcement.

(a) Upon receipt of petition for modification and proposed order prepared by the Bureau
for Child Support Enforcement in accordance with the provisions of this article, the circuit clerk
shall serve a copy of the petition and the proposed order upon all parties to the proceeding by
personal service or by United States certified mail, return receipt requested, and direct the parties
to file any objections to the proposed modified child support order within 20 days of the date of

6 receiving such notice.

7 (b) Within five days of the filing of a petition for modification and proposed order, the circuit
8 clerk shall notify the family court.

9 (c) If no party files timely objection to the proposed order or timely requests a hearing on 10 the petition after receiving such notice, then the family court shall proceed to review the petition 11 and proposed order sua sponte, and shall issue the proposed order. If the family court receives 12 no objection, but the family court concludes that the proposed order should not be entered or 13 should be changed, it shall set the matter for hearing.

(d) If the family court receives an objection to the petition or proposed order, the familycourt shall set a date and time for hearing.

(e) At any hearing on the proposed order, the family court shall treat the proposed order
as a motion for modification made by the party requesting the bureau to initiate the modification.
The actions of the family court at a hearing shall be de novo and shall not be an appeal from the
bureau's recommended order. The family court shall notify the parties of the hearing and of the
parties' rights and the procedures to be followed.

(f) The fees to be assessed for filing and service of the petition and the disbursement of
the fee for petitions filed pursuant to this section shall be the same as the fee charged by the clerk
for petitioning for an expedited modification of a child support order, as set forth in §59-1-11 of
this code.

CHAPTER 61. CRIMES AND THEIR PUNISHMENT.

ARTICLE 5. CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC JUSTICE.

§61-5-29. Failure to meet an obligation to pay <u>child and spousal</u> support to a minor; penalties.

(1) A person who: (a) Repeatedly and willfully fails to pay his or her court-ordered child
 support which he or she can reasonably provide and which he or she knows he or she has a duty

to provide to a minor; and (b) is subject to court order to pay any amount of child or spousal support for the support of a minor child or and is delinquent in meeting the full obligation established by the order and has been delinquent for a period of at least six months' duration is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000, or confined in jail for not more than one year, or both fined and confined.

- 8 (2) A person who repeatedly and willfully fails to pay his or her court-ordered support which
- 9 he or she can reasonably provide and which he or she knows he or she has a duty to provide to
- 10 a minor by virtue of a court or administrative order and the failure results in twelve months without
- 11 payment of support that remains unpaid is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be
- 12 fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000, or imprisoned for not less than one year nor more
- 13 than three years, or both fined and imprisoned.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to provide that parties may apply to Bureau for Child Support enforcement to collect spousal support payments; require the court to direct that spousal support payments be directly paid to the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement upon application of party; authorize the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement to collect spousal support from federal and state taxes; authorize Bureau for Child Support Enforcement to obtain information from financial institution regarding spousal support obligations; allow Bureau for Child Support Enforcement to assist parties in obtaining spousal support; allow Bureau for Child Support Enforcement to bring action before the court to obtain modification to support order; provide process within family court for the presentation of a proposal to modify spousal support; and to create criminal penalties for the failure to pay spousal support.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.